

4.8 ELECTRICITY

4.8.1 Electricity Paper 1 (448/I)

SECTION A (52 marks)

1	(a)	State three safety precautions to prevent accidents from overhead power lines			
	(b)	Name four areas of specialization in electrical engineering at diploma level.	(2 marks)		
2	(a)	List four layout tools used in metal fabrication.	(2 marks)		
	(b)	Describe three characteristics of magnetic lines of force.	(3 marks)		
3	(a)	Name two types of inductor cores.	(1 mark)		
	(b)	State two reasons why silver is not used to manufacture electrical conductors	. (2 marks)		
4	(a)	Determine the resistance of each of the following carbon resistors if their col are:			
		(i) Blue Orange Brown Silver			
		(ii) Grey Red Yellow			
		(iii) Green White Black Gold	(3 marks)		
	(b)	State two factors that determine the inductance of a coil.	(2 mark)		
5	(a)	State two ways of identifying the polarity of an electrolytic capacitor.			
	(b)	An electric shaver supplied from a 12V source takes a current of 800mA. Ca			
		(i) its power rating;(ii) its equivalent circuit resistance.	(3 marks)		
6	(a)	With the aid of circuit diagrams distinguish between a centre-tapped isolation transformer and an autotransformer.	n (3 marks)		
	(b)	Explain how eddy currents are minimized in a transformer.	(2 marks		

- 7 (a) List **four** equipment that belong to the supply authority at the consumer's intake point. (2 marks)
 - (b) State **three** reasons why protective switchgear is installed in a domestic installation. (3 marks)
- 8 (a) State **three** functions of light emitting diodes. (3 marks)
 - (b) Distinguish between a rectifier diode and a zener diode. (2 marks)
- 9 (a) Name **two** types of electrical indicating instruments and for each state one method of damping. (3 marks)
 - (b) List **three** visual inspections carried out when trouble shooting a faulty circuit in a printed circuit board. (3 marks)
- 10 (a) Name the materials used to make the parts of each of the cells shown in the following table:

CELL	POSITIVE ELECTRODE	NEGATIVE ELECTRODE	ELECTROLYTE
Lead Acid			
Leclanche			

(3 marks)

(b) Figure 1 shows a layout of an electrical installation in which lamps L_1 and L_2 are controlled by switches S_1 and S_2 . Draw the wiring diagram of the circuit.

(5 marks)

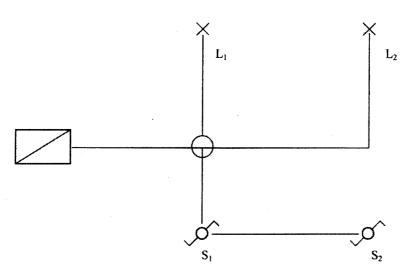
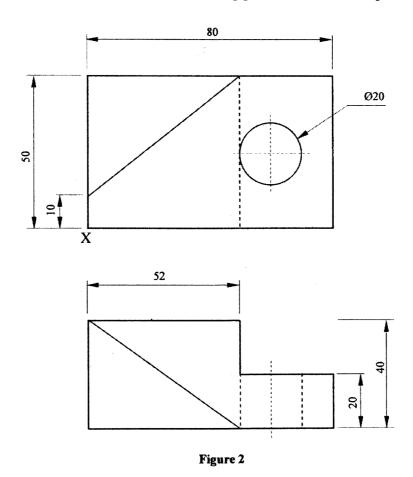


Figure 1

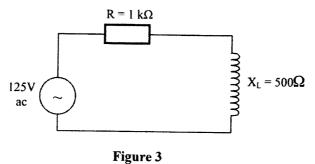
SECTION B (48 marks)

Answer any four questions from this section.

Figure 2 shows two views of a block drawn in first angle projection. On the grid paper provided, draw an isometric view of the block taking point **X** as the lowest point. (12 marks)



12 Figure 3 shows an R - L circuit.



Calculate:

- (a) circuit impedance;
- (b) circuit current;
- (c) voltage drop across the inductor;
- (d) apparent voltage;
- (e) true power;
- (f) power factor.

(12 marks)

- 13 (a) Name two types of controlling devices used in measuring instruments.
- (2 marks)
- (b) State **three** advantages of permanent magnet moving coil instrument over moving iron instrument. (3 marks)
- (c) A meter movement has resistance of a 2Ω full scale deflection current of 200 mA.
 - (i) Calculate the value of the resistor to enable it to measure:
 - I voltage upto 10 volts
 - II current upto 10 amperes
 - (ii) Draw the circuit diagram in each case.

(7 marks)

- 14 (a) Draw a labelled circuit diagram of a capacitor-start induction motor.
- (3 marks)
- (b) With the aid of a labelled circuit diagram, explain the operation of a buzzer.

(9 marks)

15 Figure 4 shows a resistive circuit.

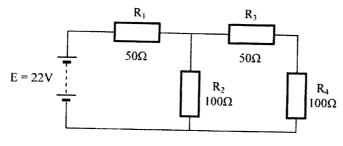


Figure 4

Calculate:

- (a) the total resistance of the circuit.
- (b) the voltage drop across R_4 .

(12 marks)

4.8.2 Electricity Paper 2 (448/2)

EXERCISE 1

(a) Using the materials and equipment provided, connect the circuit as shown in Figure 1. (3 marks)

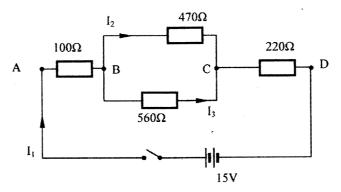


Figure 1

Let the examiner check your work.

(b) Close switch S, measure and record the values of the following quantities in table 1. (15 marks)

Table 1

	MEASURED VALUES	CALCULATED VALUES
Current: - I,		26mA
- I ₂		14mA
- 1,		12mA
Voltage Drop Across	- AB	2.6v
-	- BC	6.6v
	- CD	5.6v

(c) Give reasons for the differences between the measured values and the calculated values given in the table. (2 marks)

Using the tools, materials and equipment provided, fabricate the cell holder shown in figure 2. (20 marks)

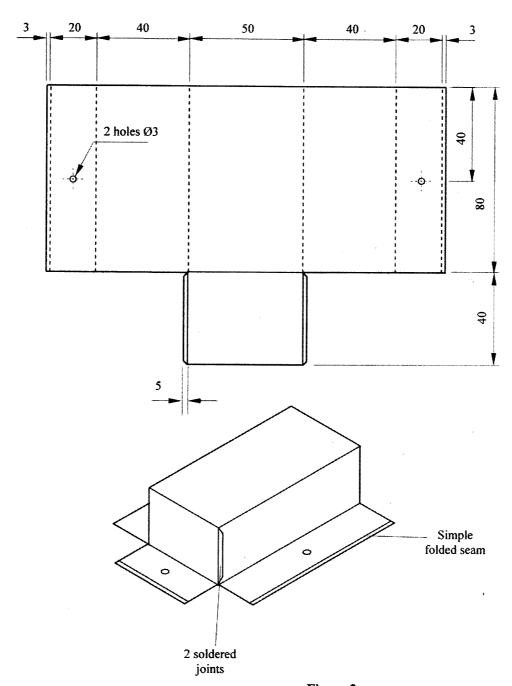


Figure 2

Using the tools, materials and equipment provided, carry out the following tasks:

(a) terminate the three-core flexible cable to the top plug and the iron box. (15 marks)

(b) turn the thermostat switch to open position.

(1 mark)

- (c) measure and record the values of the resistance between:
 - (i) live and neutral at plug
 - (ii) live and earth at plug
 - (iii) earth at plug and at iron box body
 - (iv) neutral at plug and at iron box.

(4 marks)

(d) Draw a graph of current I on horizontal axis against voltage V₂ on vertical axis.

(5 marks)

(e) From the curve obtained in the graph, state the application of the circuit.

(1 mark)

(f) Name the active device in the circuit.

(1 mark)

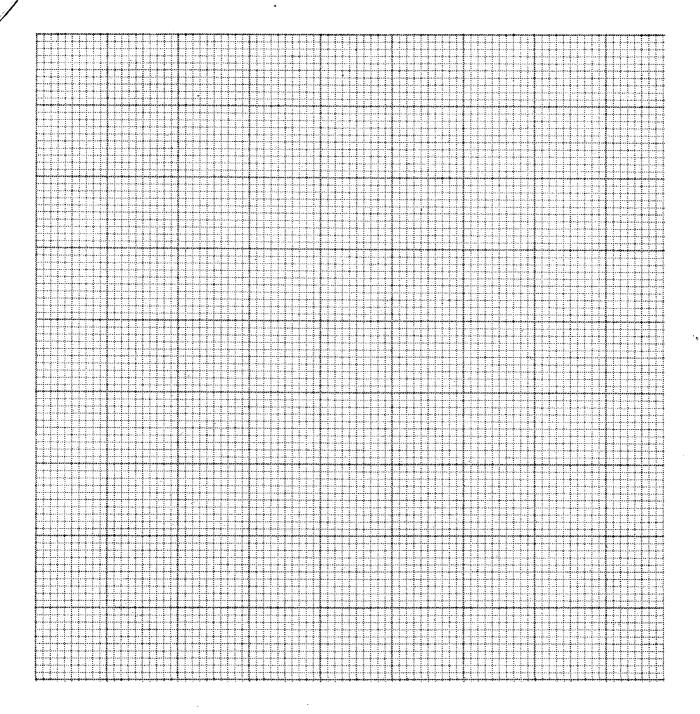


Figure 3 shows the block diagram of a prefabricated circuit Q. Carry out the following tasks.

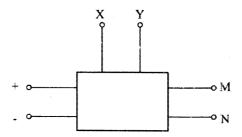


Figure 3

- (a) (i) Adjust the power supply to zero volt.
 - (ii) connect the circuit to the power supply through the switch provided.

(1 mark)

- (b) Connect (i) the milliammeter provided between points X and Y of the circuit.
 - (ii) the voltmeter provided between points M and N of the circuit.

(2 marks)

(c) Close the switch. Adjust the power supply to obtain the voltage values shown in table
2. In each case, measure and record the corresponding values of current I and voltage
V₂. (10 marks)

Table 2

SUPPLY VOLTAGE V1	0	2.5	5	6	8
CURRENT I					
VOLTAGE V ₂					

Figure 4 shows the layout of a bell circuit. Using the tools and materials provided, install the circuit such that the two push buttons operate the bell independently.

(20 marks)

